



# NEW ZEALAND GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

All Public Notifications which appear in this Gazette, with any Official Signature thereunto annexed, are to be considered as Official Communications made to those Persons to whom they may relate.

By His Excellency's Command,

ANDREW SINCLAIR, Colonial Secretary.

VOL. VII.

AUCKLAND, FRIDAY, DEC. 3, 1847.

No. 26.

## PROCLAMATION.

By his Excellency **GEORGE GREY**,

*Esquire, Lieutenant-Governor,  
Commander-in-Chief in and over  
Her Majesty's Colony of New  
Zealand, and its Dependencies, and  
Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.*

WHEREAS the undermentioned Ordinances enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor of New Zealand, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof, were passed in the tenth year of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, viz.—

No. 6. An Ordinance to authorise the importation of Wine, duty free, for Military and Naval Officers serving in the Colony of New Zealand. (15th October, 1846.)

No. 19. An Ordinance to provide for the prevention, by summary proceeding, of unauthorised purchases and leases of land. (16th November, 1846.)

Which Ordinances having been by the Right Honorable Earl Grey, one of Her Majesty's principal Secretaries of State, laid before the Queen, Her Majesty has been pleased to confirm and allow the same.

Now therefore I, the Lieutenant-Governor, do hereby proclaim and make known to all whom it may concern, that Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to confirm and allow the before-mentioned Ordinances.

Given under my hand, and issued under the public Seal of the Co-

lony, at Government House, at Auckland, in the Colony aforesaid, this second day of December, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand eight hundred and forty-seven.

**GEORGE GREY,**  
Lieutenant-Governor,  
and Commander-in-Chief.

By His Excellency's command,

**ANDREW SINCLAIR,**  
Colonial Secretary.

God Save the Queen!

*Colonial Secretary's Office.  
Auckland, 2nd December, 1847.*

HIS Excellency the Governor directs it to be notified, that Funds being again available for the purpose of promoting Emigration to this Colony, applications will be received at this Office, by all persons anxious to have their relatives sent out to this colony, either wholly or partly at the public expence. It will be necessary for applicants to forward the names and addresses of their relatives,—and as emigration will be immediately resumed, applications should be sent in with as little delay as practicable.

The preference will always be given to those persons who defray a portion of the cost of their own passage to this country.

By his Excellency's command,

**ANDREW SINCLAIR,**  
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Auckland, 3rd December, 1847.

**HIS** Excellency the Governor has been pleased to give directions for the publication of the following Despatch, from the Right Honorable, Her Majesty's principal Secretary of State for the Colonies, for general information.

By His Excellency's command,  
ANDREW SINCLAIR,  
Colonial Secretary.

(No. 76.)

Downing Street,  
19th June, 1847.

SIR,—

I enclose copies of a correspondence which has lately taken place, relative to the affairs of the New Zealand Company, which will put you in possession of an arrangement which Her Majesty's Government have thought it advisable to enter into with that Association. I also transmit a copy of a Bill which will be proposed to Parliament for the more effectually carrying this arrangement into execution.

This measure, as you will perceive, has been resolved upon by Her Majesty's Government, with a view to the resumption of the Systematic Colonization of New Zealand. It is proposed that the New Zealand Company should for this purpose receive an advance of Public Money, and should be entrusted with the disposal, for three years, of the Crown Demesne in the Southern Government of New Zealand, in order to obtain the fullest assurance that these means and trusts shall be faithfully applied to the objects aimed at by Her Majesty's Government, a Commissioner will be appointed to attend, on their behalf, the meetings of the Directors of the Company, and will be invested with ample powers to control all the proceedings of that body. The Commissioner will act under the instructions of the Secretary of State, to be given from time to time, as occasion may require.

By this arrangement, Her Majesty's Government entertain the hope, that they may obtain in aid of Systematic Colonization, the energy, the ability, and experience, of a body of Gentlemen associated together to promote an enlightened plan of Colonization, and whose private interests are identified with the success of these public objects, and possessing, as they do, the confidence of those classes from which the best description of Settlers are likely to be drawn—men of character, enterprize, and small capital, they have the means, which no Government can possess to the same degree, of promoting and directing towards Colonization, that spirit of enterprize for which our population has always been remarkable. The success which attended the early operations of the Company, so far at least as regarded the collection of bodies of Emigrants, admirably fitted by their energy, perseverance and self-reliance, for the arduous undertakings in which they embarked, affords the best ground for hoping that the same Company may again be enabled to exert a powerful and equally efficient Settlers to New Zealand, and that these arriving there under happier auspices, may rapidly form thriving and prosperous communities.

Such is the general design of Her Majesty's Government, in the arrangement which they have entered into.

I shall now proceed to call your attention to a few points, the due understanding of which in the Colony, may, in its present state, be conducive to public good.

In the first place I have to remark, that, in order to dispel that jealousy of the Company, of which I am sorry to perceive various symptoms, in the more recent advices from the Colony, it is of great importance that you should use your utmost efforts to make it generally and thoroughly understood, that Her Majesty's Government, in placing for three years all the

Crown Demesne of the Southern Province at the disposal of the New Zealand Company, have had for their main object the public interest in promoting Colonization, not the private advantage of the Company.

The Company will indeed (and most justly,) be remunerated, if the plan should prove successful, for its large outlay of capital, but by the provision that no dividends shall be payable, except from a moderate amount derived from the gross proceeds of the sales of land which it may effect, this remuneration will be made exactly in proportion to the extent to which the Company, by its activity and good judgment, shall promote Colonization. Moreover, the Company, in the exercise of this trust, will act under the supervision of the Government Commissioner, whose duty will obviously lead him to consider every projected operation of the Company for the disposal of Crown lands, with reference, not alone to the interests of the Company, but to the interests of the Public, both here and in New Zealand.

The proceeds of the Sales and Leasings of Crown lands, which the Company will effect, will be devoted, after the necessary deductions, to Colonizing purposes, and the gradual settlement of the island.

By these means, it is hoped, that both Capital and Labor, may be again beneficially directed towards these islands. That the capital already so largely invested, and the property already acquired by the actual Settlers, will be enhanced in value, and gain additional security.

The interests of the actual Settlers will thus, in the opinion of Her Majesty's Government, be more effectually promoted, than by any other means which could have been adopted, since the effect of resuming Colonization, in augmenting the value of their lands, will be certain and immediate.

I am aware, however, that an apprehension exists in the minds of many of the Settlers, that the benefit which may thus accrue to them, will be more than counterbalanced by the system adopted by the Company, of selling land in this country, and which will oppose a difficulty in the way of its acquisition by those who have already emigrated, and more especially to its being obtained by them upon terms consistent with its being profitably occupied for pastoral purposes.

This apprehension I do not consider to be well founded. The system of permanently alienating land, only by sale, will indeed be strictly adhered to, and I trust, that notwithstanding the prejudice in favor of cheap land, the Company's Settlers will not forget the views on which they originally emigrated, or fail to perceive that their own welfare and prosperity are vitally interested in maintaining the sound principle of Colonization on which their settlements were formed. Nor is the maintenance of this principle inconsistent with the adoption of a mode of selling land, which shall give every proper facility to the original Settlers to extend their holdings, nor to their being permitted also, under proper regulations, to obtain the temporary occupation of land for pastoral purposes, upon easy terms. On the latter subject I have already addressed you in another Despatch, in which I have transmitted to you the papers lately laid before Parliament, which shew what has been done on the same subject, in New South Wales. With respect to the just desire of the present Settlers, to be enabled gradually to extend their holdings, this object will be provided for by conducting in the Colony, instead of in this country, the sale of lands which encumber existing settlements, and by taking care that all new settlements to be formed by bodies of Emigrants proceeding from this country for that purpose, shall be planted in situations where they cannot injuriously interfere with those previously established.

You will continue to retain in your own hands the exclusive management of all negotiations with the Natives, for the sale of their lands; but when any negotiations of this sort are concluded in the Southern Province, the New Zealand Company will provide the means of payment, from funds placed at their disposal, and have the disposal of the lands so acquired.

I have only to add that these arrangements are not to interfere with the operation of any laws, which, in accordance with the intention you have expressed, you may have thought it advisable that the Local Legislature should pass, for the purpose of enabling the Natives, under certain restrictions, to sell their own lands. I know that you so well understand the difficulties of this subject, that I am well assured I may safely rely upon your assenting to no laws of this description, which are not really required by the circumstances with which you have to deal, and which do not contain the best securities that can be provided against abuse. I should also expect that in the Middle Island, which will be the principal field of the Company's renewed operations, the acquisition by the Crown, of the territory required for the Company, will prove a matter of no difficulty, from the extreme paucity of Native inhabitants.

I have the honor to be, &c.,  
(signed) GREY.

TRANSFER OF LICENSES.

A SPECIAL MEETING of the Justices for the Town and District of Auckland, will be holden at the Resident Magistrate's Court, on Tuesday, the seventh day of December next, at twelve o'clock, at noon, for the purpose of receiving applications for the transfer of Publicans Licenses.

THOS. BECKHAM,  
Resident Magistrate.

Resident Magistrate's Court,  
November 23, 1847.

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New Zealand Government.

